

CLASS : 12th (Sr. Secondary)

Code No. 5601

Series : SS-April/2021

Roll No.

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SET : D

ENGLISH (Core)

[For all Groups I, II & III]

PART – II

(Objective Questions)

ACADEMIC/OPEN

(Only for Fresh/Re-appear Candidates)

- *Please make sure that the printed pages in this question paper of **Part-II** are **16** in number and it contains **60** questions.*
 - *Candidates must write their Roll Number on the question paper.*
 - *Before answering the questions, ensure that you have been supplied the correct and complete question paper, **no claim in this regard, will be entertained after examination.***
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General Instructions :

- (i) *Attempt all the questions as per instructions.*
- (ii) *Attempt all the parts of a question together.*
- (iii) *Write **correct** answer in your answer-book.*

(READING SKILLS)

[M. M. : 10

A. Read the following passages (a), (b) & (c) carefully and answer the questions that follow. Do any TWO passages :

- (a) There is no equal to 'Nature'. Nature here means the natural surroundings not the nature of a man. Our life is directly related to the nature around us. If we keep on destroying or spoiling our natural surroundings, we will have to face awful consequences. Nature is giving

us a lot in every way but we are also spoiling our nature in every way. The Sun, the Moon, the Mountains, rivers, birds, animals, water resources, trees etc. all give us something or the other. But what do we give them ? How much do we take care of them. We are only spoiling and misusing the natural resources. With a little help of nature we can help ourselves a lot. For example, if we take care of trees only, they will not only keep our environment clean but also give us flowers, fruits, fuel and above all beauty. So, whenever you happen to pass by a little sick plant, arrange some water in a bottle or even a polythene bag and water it. See the change in a few days. You will be the happiest man. Such are the hundreds of examples for taking care of Nature.

Questions : Choose the **correct** option :

1 × 5 = 5

- (1) What does the word 'Nature' mean here after reading the passage ?
 - (A) Nature of a man
 - (B) Nature of an animal
 - (C) Our natural environment
 - (D) All of the above
- (2) What are the parts of nature around us ?
 - (A) Sun, Moon, Mountains
 - (B) Rivers, birds, animals
 - (C) Water resources and trees only
 - (D) All of the above
- (3) How can we help ourselves ?
 - (A) By misusing the nature
 - (B) By cutting trees
 - (C) With a little help of nature
 - (D) By spoiling natural resources

- (4) If we take care of trees what will they not give us ?
- (A) flowers
 - (B) fruits
 - (C) fuel
 - (D) fire
- (5) What should you do if you happen to pass by a sick plant ?
- (A) uproot the plant
 - (B) water it with a bottle
 - (C) water it with the help of a polythene
 - (D) both (B) and (C)
- (b) Soft drinks or say cold drinks have become a part of our intake habits. Its consumption has become a highly visible and controversial public health and public policy issue. Many people think that soft drinks are a cause of many diseases including obesity and related health problems. Especially, our young guys and children become habitual of soft drinks. The taste is upto the tongue only. They don't know how harmful it is for the rest of the body also. If we take cold drinks in excess, it will cause a number of ailments. There are some people who enjoy soft drinks or cold drinks in the name of any celebration. They try to quench their thirst only with a cold drink. Most of these drinks are sugar sweetners which is a poison for some parts of our body. Though they are soothing to taste buds but increase the risk of heart problems or diabetes if taken regularly. High level of sugar in soda places a lot of stress on our pancreas also. It is terrible for our teeth also. So, we must avoid cold drinks as much as possible. Better options are fruits, raw vegetables and leafy vegetables.

Questions : Choose the **correct** option :

1 × 5 = 5

- (6) What has become a public health and public policy issue ?
- (A) Intake of cold water
 - (B) Intake of cold drinks
 - (C) Intake of ice cream
 - (D) all of the above
- (7) According to many people, obesity is the cause of taking :
- (A) Cold drinks
 - (B) Soft drinks
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of them
- (8) What do you mean by 'ailments' given in the passage ?
- (A) name of soft drink
 - (B) absence of diseases
 - (C) sugary content
 - (D) diseases
- (9) For some parts of our body sugar sweetners are like
- (A) cold drink
 - (B) honey
 - (C) remedy
 - (D) poison
- (10) What are the better options to avoid soft drink ?
- (A) Fruits, raw and leafy vegetables
 - (B) Sugar sweetners
 - (C) Ice creams
 - (D) Cold water

- (c) It is usually said that our action depends upon our thinking. If we think positively, our action will be positive and will be a cause of happiness all around. It is a game of our mind only. Thinking positively will result in good health, no tension, aura on face and what not ? Contrary to it a person with negative thought will be irritating with a deceased thinking. Such a person can never think of something good for others. He/She knows that this is harmful. Even then they keep on finding fault with others. Slowly, it becomes their habit to find something negative even out of positive ways of life. Most of the people dislike them. They become a blot on the society. Therefore, we must try to be positive we must spread positive waves not the negative waves. Positive thoughts cost nothing while negative thoughts cost a lot. Positive thoughts are constructive for our body and mind while negative thoughts are destructive. One positive thought leads to thousands of new ideas while a negative thought blocks our thinking process. We must try to enhance our power of thinking. Only then we can be creative with innovative ideas.

Questions : Choose the **correct** option :

1 × 5 = 5

- (11) What does our action depend upon ?
- (A) our happiness
 - (B) our thinking
 - (C) both (A) and (B)
 - (D) neither (A) nor (B)
- (12) What results in good health, no tension and an aura on face ?
- (A) Positive thinker
 - (B) Positive thinking
 - (C) Negative thinker
 - (D) Negative thinking

(6)

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- (13) Who finds fault with others ?
- (A) Positive thinker
 - (B) Positive thinking
 - (C) Negative thinker
 - (D) Negative environment
- (14) What should we spread ?
- (A) Negative waves
 - (B) Negative thought
 - (C) Positive talent
 - (D) Positive waves
- (15) When can we be creative with innovative ideas ?
- (A) When we enhance our power of creativity
 - (B) When we enhance our power of innovation
 - (C) When we enhance our power of thinking
 - (D) All of the above

(GRAMMAR)

[M. M. : 10

B. Do as directed :

(a) **Use suitable articles (any two) :**

1 × 2 = 2

(16) Mumbai is capital of Maharashtra.

- (A) a
- (B) an
- (C) the
- (D) ×

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(7)

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(17) Man is mortal.

- (A) a (B) an
(C) the (D) ×

(18) You are University graduate.

- (A) a (B) an
(C) the (D) ×

(b) **Use suitable modals (any two) :**

1 × 2 = 2

(19) My grandfather to sing classic songs.

- (A) ought
(B) will
(C) can
(D) used

(20) The teacher said, "Yes, you come in."

- (A) can
(B) may
(C) will
(D) should

(21) It is Sunday today. I go to Office.

- (A) may
(B) might
(C) can
(D) could

(c) **Use correct form of verb (any two) :**

1 × 2 = 2

(22) I have not all the questions so far.

- (A) attempt
- (B) attempts
- (C) attempted
- (D) attempting

(23) My father a match at present.

- (A) watches
- (B) watched
- (C) was watching
- (D) is watching

(24) If you give me money, I you a watch.

- (A) buy
- (B) bought
- (C) shall buy
- (D) have bought

(d) **Change the voice (any two) :**

1 × 2 = 2

(25) Rachit is disturbing me.

- (A) I am disturbed by Rachit.
- (B) I am being disturbed by Rachit.
- (C) I was disturbed by Rachit.
- (D) I was being disturbed by Rachit.

- (26) She has cheated us everytime.
- (A) Everytime has been cheated us by her.
 - (B) We has been cheated by her everytime.
 - (C) We have been cheated by her everytime.
 - (D) Everytime, have been cheated by her.

- (27) She teases me.
- (A) I tease her.
 - (B) I am teasing her.
 - (C) I am teased by her.
 - (D) She is teased by me.

(e) **Change the narration (any two) :**

1 × 2 = 2

- (28) You said, "You are my friend."
- (A) You told me that I was his friend.
 - (B) You said that I was his friend.
 - (C) You said that I was my friend.
 - (D) You said that I was your friend.
- (29) The teacher said to the boys, "You will get good marks this time."
- (A) The teacher told the boys if I would get good marks that time.
 - (B) The teacher told the boys that they were get good marks this time.
 - (C) The teacher told the boys, "They would get good marks this time."
 - (D) The teacher told the boys that they would get good marks that time.

- (30) He said to me, "Your card has expired".
- (A) He told me that my card has been expired.
 - (B) He said that my card has expired.
 - (C) He told me that my card has expired.
 - (D) He told me if my card had expired.

(PROSE)**[M. M. : 5****C. Read the passage given below carefully and answer the questions that follow :**

When I passed the town hall, there was a crowd in front of the bulletin board. For the last two years, all our bad news had come from there – the lost battles, the draft, the orders of the commanding officer – and I thought to myself, without stopping, "What can be the matter now ?" Then I hurried by as fast as I could go, the blacksmith, Wachter, who was there with his apprentice, reading the bulletin, called after me, "Don't go fast, bub, you'll get to your school in plenty of time."

Questions : Choose the **correct** option :

1 × 5 = 5

(31) Name the lesson :

- (A) Lost Spring
- (B) The Last Lesson
- (C) Rattrap
- (D) Indigo

(32) Name the author of these lines :

- (A) Selma Lagerlof
- (B) Anees Jung
- (C) Both (A) and (B)
- (D) Alphonse Daudet

(33) Where from all the bad news had come ?

- (A) from town hall
- (B) from television
- (C) from radio station
- (D) from bulletin board

(34) 'Apprentice' in the passage means same as

- (A) friend
- (B) owner
- (C) pupil
- (D) neighbour

(35) For how many years all the bad news had come from the bulletin board ?

- (A) one year
- (B) two years
- (C) three years
- (D) four years

OR

Most of the arable land in the Champaran district was divided into large estates owned by Englishmen and worked by Indian tenants. The Chief Commercial crop was Indigo. The landlords compelled all the tenants to plant three twentieths or 15% of their holdings with indigo and surrender the entire indigo harvest as rent. This was done by long term contract.

Questions : Choose the **correct** option :

1 × 5 = 5

(36) What is the name of the chapter from which these lines have been taken ?

- (A) Lost Spring
- (B) The Last Lesson
- (C) Indigo
- (D) Deep Water

(37) Who is the writer of these lines ?

- (A) Anees Jung
- (B) Stephen Spender
- (C) Adrienne Rich
- (D) Louis Fischer

(38) Who owned most of the arable land in Champaran ?

- (A) Gandhiji
- (B) Farmers
- (C) Englishmen
- (D) Lawyers

(39) Which one of the following was the commercial crop in Champaran ?

- (A) Wheat
- (B) Rice
- (C) Gram
- (D) Indigo

(40) The farmers were ordered to surrender the entire indigo crop as

- (A) rent
- (B) tax
- (C) fair
- (D) wages

(POETRY)

[M. M. : 5

D. Read the stanza given below and answer the questions that follow :

*..... and looked out at young
trees sprinting, the merry children spilling
out of their homes, but after the airport's
security check, standing a few yards
away, I looked again at her wan, pale*

Questions : Choose the **correct** option :

1 × 5 = 5

(41) Name the poem :

- | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------|
| (A) Aunt Jennifer's Tigers | (B) A Roadside Stand |
| (C) My Mother at Sixty Six | (D) Keeping Quiet |

(42) Name the poet :

- | | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| (A) Pablo Neruda | (B) Kamala Das |
| (C) John Keats | (D) Adrienne Rich |

(43) What are the young sprinting objects outside ?

- | | |
|-------------|--------------|
| (A) Trees | (B) Children |
| (C) Airport | (D) Car |

(44) What is wan and pale in the stanza ?

- | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| (A) Mother's hands | (B) Mother's fingers |
| (C) Mother's face | (D) Mother's saree |

(45) What did the poetess look at again ?

- | | |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| (A) her car | (B) her mother |
| (C) her saree | (D) her face in the mirror |

OR

*Fishermen in the cold sea
would not harm Whales
and the man gathering salt
would look at his hurt hands.*

Questions : Choose the **correct** option :

1 × 5 = 5

(46) Name the poem :

- | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| (A) My Mother at Sixty Six | (B) A Thing of Beauty |
| (C) A Roadside Stand | (D) Keeping Quiet |

(47) Name the poet of these lines :

- | | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| (A) John Keats | (B) Adrienne Rich |
| (C) Pablo Neruda | (D) Robert Frost |

(48) What would the Fishermen do ?

- (A) would not row the boat
- (B) would not catch the fish
- (C) would not harm the whales
- (D) would not harm themselves

(49) What would the man gathering salt do ?

- (A) would catch the fish
- (B) would look at his hands
- (C) would catch the fishermen
- (D) would look at his legs

(50) Who would look at his hurt hands ?

- | | |
|---------------|--------------------|
| (A) Fishermen | (B) Salt gatherers |
| (C) Waterman | (D) Salt eaters |

